

How to insure a smooth transition from printing towards online publishing? How *http://dissem.in* can help?

Marie Farge

Centre National à la Recherche Scientifique (CNRS)
and Ecole Normale Supérieure Paris (ENS)

April 28th 2017

*National Fusion Research Institute
Daejeon, Korea*

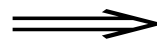
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Green Open Access is the wisest model !

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The Gold Open Access model leads to the creation of predatory journals of very poor quality, even fake journals.

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The wisest solution is the Green Open Access model, *i.e.*,

researchers should keep the academic freedom to publish their articles in the journals they prefer, and at the same time deposit a version in a public open repository.

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Dissemin to boost Green Open Access

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The team *CAPSH / Dissemin*

<http://dissem.in> is supported by the not-for-profit association CAPSH (Committee for the Accessibility of Publications in Sciences and Humanities) created on *September 5th 2015* by :

Antonin Delpuch

Graduate student, Computer Science
École Normale Supérieure
France



"We need to take a stand against more traditional publishers"

Creator and main developer of the platform *Dissemin*



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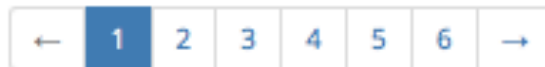
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American Meteorological Society, *Journal of the Atmospheric Sciences*, 2016.



Frank G. Jacobitz, Kai Schneider, Wouter J. T. Bos, **Marie Farge**

Structure of sheared and rotating turbulence: Multiscale statistics of Lagrangian and Eulerian accelerations and passive scalar dynamics



American Physical Society, *Physical Review E*, 1(93), 2016.



Marie Farge, Kai Schneider

2015

Wavelet transforms and their applications to MHD and plasma turbulence: a review



Cambridge University Press (CUP), *Journal of Plasma Physics*, 06(81), 2015.

Researcher

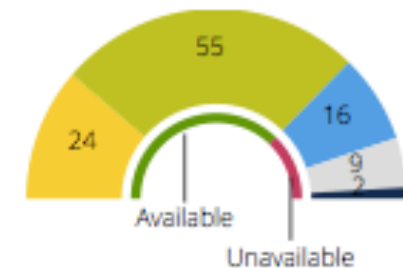
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D. H. Na, Yong-Su Na, S. G. Lee, C. Angioni, S. M. Yang, H.-S. Kim, T. S. Hahm, **2016**
W. H. Ko, H. Jhang, W. J. Lee

Observation of the intrinsic rotation in KSTAR Ohmic L-mode plasmas

IOP Publishing, Nuclear Fusion, 3(56), p. 036011.

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M. Kim, Yong-Su Na, Kyungjin Kim, H.-S. Kim, D. H. Na, M. G. Yoo, T. S. Hahm, Y. S. Hwang
Reply to 'Comment on "Numerical study on neoclassical tearing mode stabilization via minimum seeking method for the island width growth rate"'

IOP Publishing, Nuclear Fusion, 3(56), p. 038002.

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Z. B. Guo, T. S. Hahm, P. H. Diamond **2015**
Small scale coherent vortex generation in drift wave-zonal flow turbulence

American Institute of Physics, Physics of Plasmas, 12(22), p. 122304.

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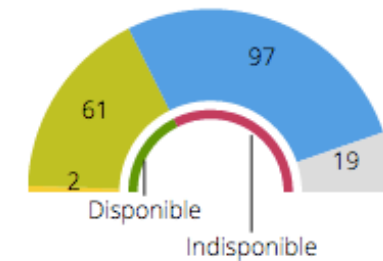


Lei Qi, T. S. Hahm, J. M. Kwon, Gahyung Jo
Bounced-averaged kinetic theory for a D-shape plasma and its application for ITG-TEM turbulence simulation---APS2015-DPP Poster

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Plasma start-up design and first plasma experiment in VEST

Elsevier, Fusion Engineering and Design, (96-97), p. 274-280.

 Mettre en ligne



G. J. Choi, T. S. Hahm
 $E \times B$ shear effect on initially tilted tokamak turbulence eddies

IOP Publishing, Nuclear Fusion, 9(55), p. 093026.

 Mettre en ligne



T. S. Hahm
Ion Heating from Nonlinear Landau Damping of High Mode Number Toroidal Alfvén Eigenmodes

IOP Publishing, Plasma Science and Technology, 7(17), p. 534-538.

 Mettre en ligne



T. S. Hahm, W. X.; Hahm T. S.; Ethier S.; Rewoldt G.; Tang W. M.; Lee W. W.; Diamond P. H.
Wang, S. Ethier, G. Rewoldt, W. M. Tang, P. H. Diamond, W. W. Lee
Characteristics of Turbulence-driven Plasma Flow and Origin of Experimental Empirical Scalings of Intrinsic Rotation


American Institute of Physics, Physics of Plasmas, 4(18), p. 042502.

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W. X.; Hahm T. S.; Ethier S.; Zakharov L. E. Wang, T. S. Hahm, S. Ethier, L. E. Zakharov, P. H. Diamond
Trapped Electron Mode Turbulence Driven Intrinsic Rotation in Tokamak Plasmas

American Physical Society, Physical Review Letters, 8(106).

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Numerical study on neoclassical tearing mode stabilization via minimum seeking method for the island width growth rate

IOP Publishing, Nuclear Fusion, 2(55), p. 023006.

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Towards an emerging understanding of non-locality phenomena and non-local transport

IOP Publishing, Nuclear Fusion, 1(55), p. 013022.

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Effects of q-profile structure on turbulence spreading: A fluctuation intensity transport analysis

American Institute of Physics, Physics of Plasmas, 9(21), p. 092509.

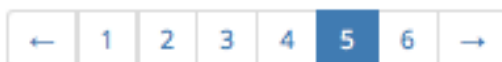
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Kai Schneider, Marie Farge
Coherent Vortex Simulation (CVS) of 2D bluff body flows using an adaptive wavelet method with penalisation

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Springer Verlag, Notes on Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Multidisciplinary Design, 2003



Bartosz Protas, Kai Schneider, Marie Farge
Geometrical alignment properties in Fourier- and wavelet-filtered statistically stationary two-dimensional turbulence

2002

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Physical Review E, 4(66), 2002.



Kai Schneider, Marie Farge
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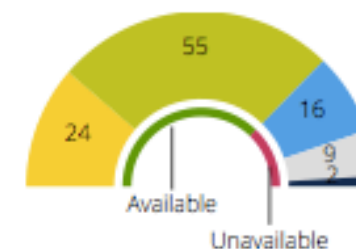
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
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Journal article by Marie Farge, Kai Schneider, Giulio Pellegrino, Alan A. Wray, Robert S. Rogallo





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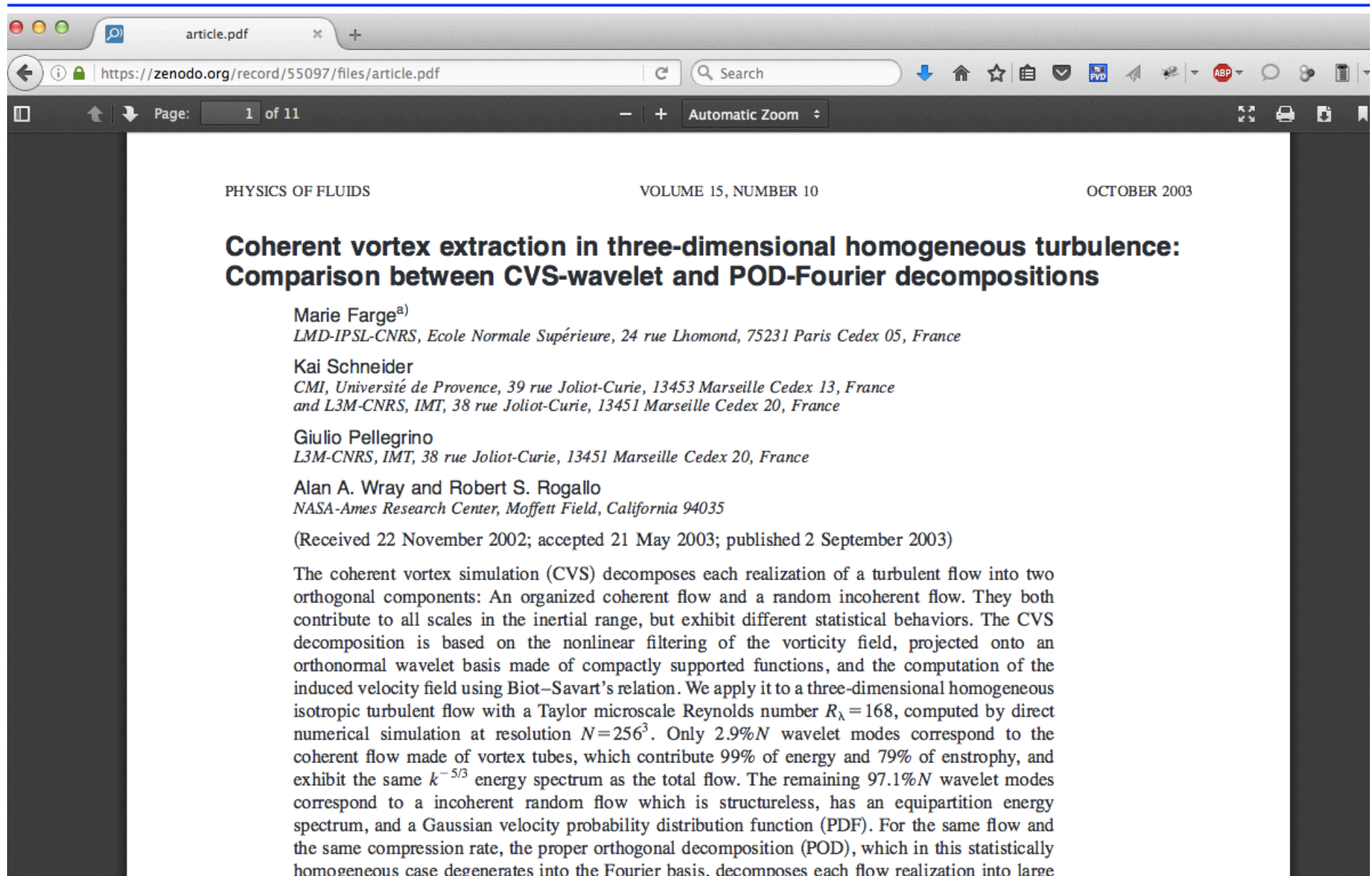
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Abstract

The coherent vortex simulation (CVS) decomposes each realization of a turbulent flow into two orthogonal components: An organized coherent flow and a random incoherent flow. They both contribute to all scales in the inertial range, but exhibit different statistical behaviors. The CVS decomposition is based on the nonlinear filtering of the vorticity field, projected onto an orthonormal wavelet basis made of compactly supported functions, and the computation of the induced velocity field using Biot-Savart's relation. We apply it to a three-dimensional homogeneous isotropic turbulent flow with a Taylor microscale Reynolds number $R_\lambda = 168$, computed by direct numerical simulation at resolution $N=256^3$. Only $2.9\%N$ wavelet modes correspond to the coherent flow made of vortex tubes, which contribute 99% of energy and 79% of enstrophy, and exhibit the same $k^{-5/3}$ energy spectrum as the total flow. The remaining 97.1%N wavelet modes correspond to a incoherent random flow which is structureless, has an equipartition energy spectrum, and a Gaussian velocity probability distribution function (PDF). For the same flow and the same compression rate, the proper orthogonal decomposition (POD), which in this statistically homogeneous case degenerates into the Fourier basis, decomposes each flow realization into large scale and small scale flows, in a way similar to large eddy simulation (LES) filtering. It is shown that the large scale flow thus obtained does not extract the vortex tubes equally well as the coherent flow resulting from the CVS decomposition. Moreover, the small scale flow still contains coherent structures, and its velocity PDF is stretched exponential, while the incoherent flow is structureless, decorrelated, and its velocity PDF is Gaussian. Thus, modeling the effect of the incoherent flow discarded by CVS-wavelet shall be easier than modeling the effect of the small scale flow discarded by POD-Fourier or LES.

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PHYSICS OF FLUIDS VOLUME 15, NUMBER 10 OCTOBER 2003

Coherent vortex extraction in three-dimensional homogeneous turbulence: Comparison between CVS-wavelet and POD-Fourier decompositions

Marie Farge^{a)}
LMD-IPSL-CNRS, Ecole Normale Supérieure, 24 rue Lhomond, 75231 Paris Cedex 05, France

Kai Schneider
*CMI, Université de Provence, 39 rue Joliot-Curie, 13453 Marseille Cedex 13, France
and L3M-CNRS, IMT, 38 rue Joliot-Curie, 13451 Marseille Cedex 20, France*

Giulio Pellegrino
L3M-CNRS, IMT, 38 rue Joliot-Curie, 13451 Marseille Cedex 20, France

Alan A. Wray and Robert S. Rogallo
NASA-Ames Research Center, Moffett Field, California 94035

(Received 22 November 2002; accepted 21 May 2003; published 2 September 2003)

The coherent vortex simulation (CVS) decomposes each realization of a turbulent flow into two orthogonal components: An organized coherent flow and a random incoherent flow. They both contribute to all scales in the inertial range, but exhibit different statistical behaviors. The CVS decomposition is based on the nonlinear filtering of the vorticity field, projected onto an orthonormal wavelet basis made of compactly supported functions, and the computation of the induced velocity field using Biot–Savart’s relation. We apply it to a three-dimensional homogeneous isotropic turbulent flow with a Taylor microscale Reynolds number $R_\lambda = 168$, computed by direct numerical simulation at resolution $N = 256^3$. Only 2.9% N wavelet modes correspond to the coherent flow made of vortex tubes, which contribute 99% of energy and 79% of enstrophy, and exhibit the same $k^{-5/3}$ energy spectrum as the total flow. The remaining 97.1% N wavelet modes correspond to a incoherent random flow which is structureless, has an equipartition energy spectrum, and a Gaussian velocity probability distribution function (PDF). For the same flow and the same compression rate, the proper orthogonal decomposition (POD), which in this statistically homogeneous case degenerates into the Fourier basis, decomposes each flow realization into large

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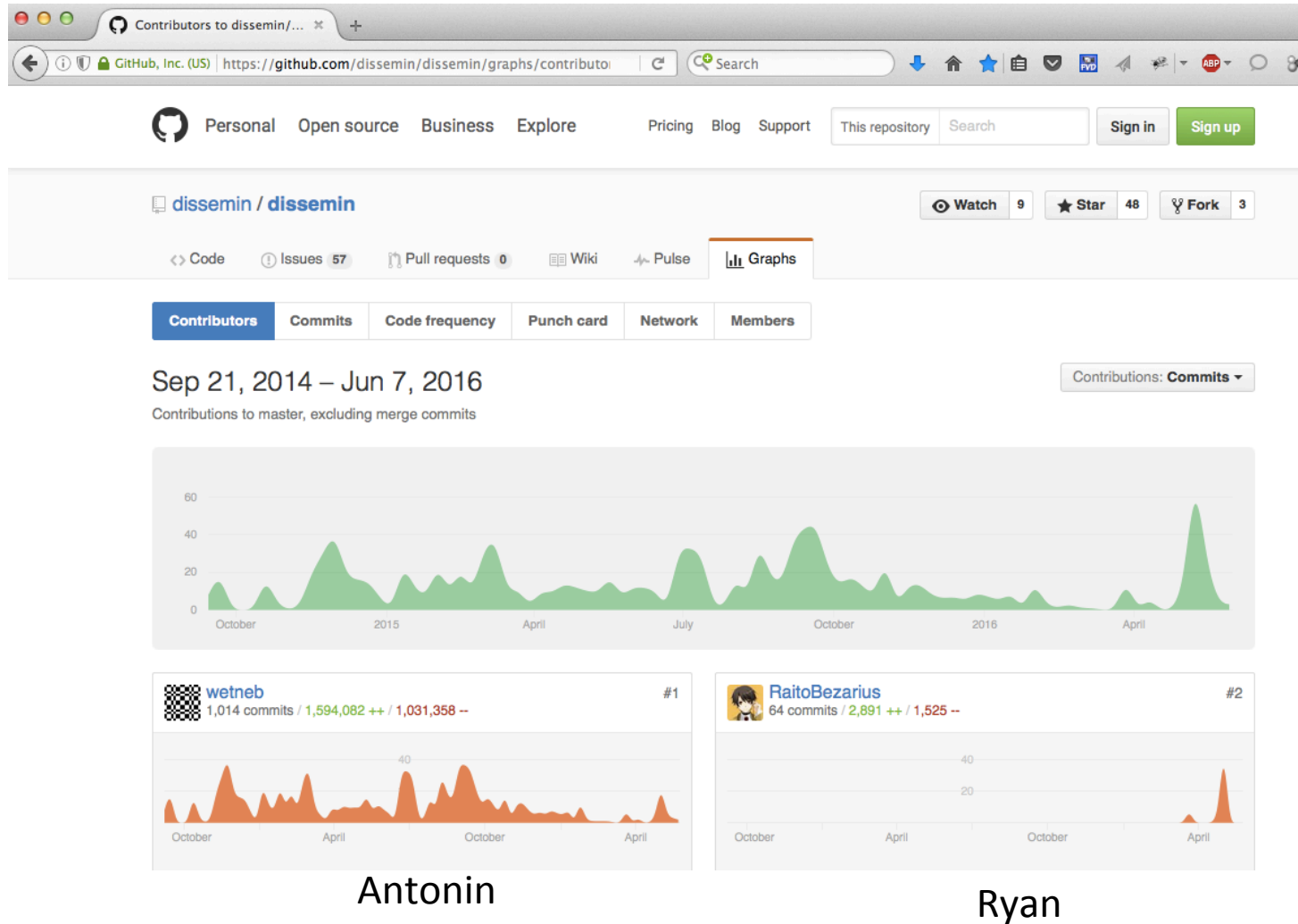
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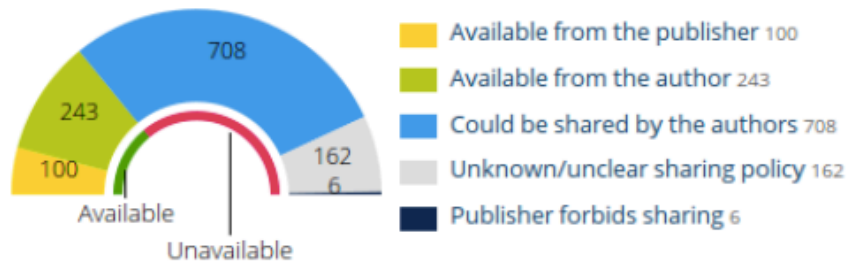
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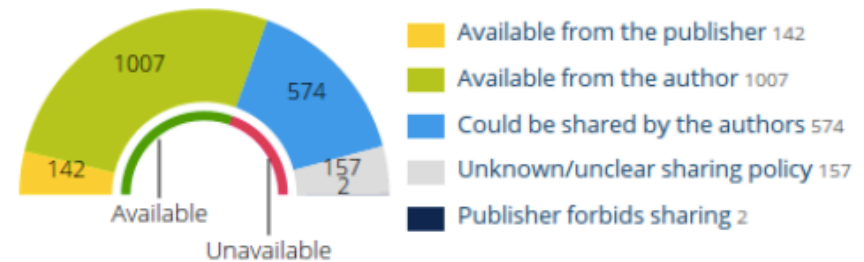
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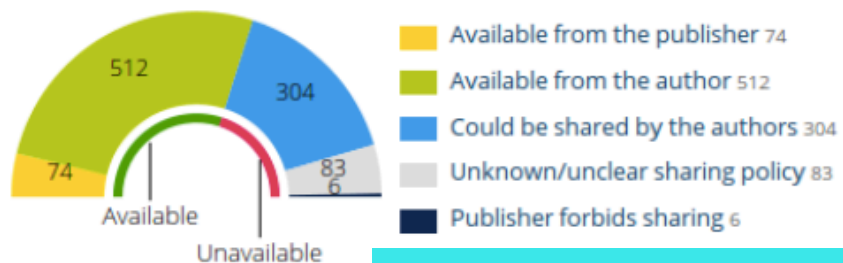
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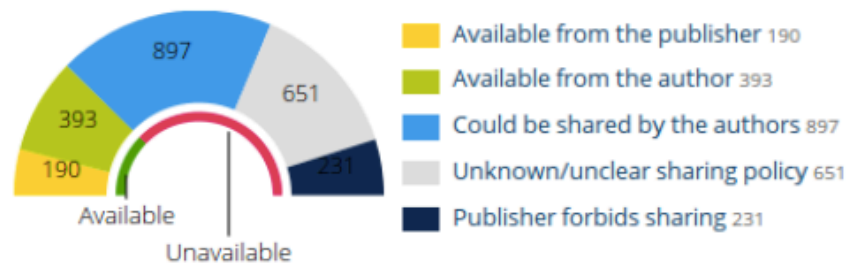
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Jean-Noel Rouzaud (93 papers)

S

Alexandre Schubnel (28 papers)
Laure-Anne Seve-Martinez (0 papers)
Adriana Sima (9 papers)
Sabrina Speich (58 papers)

T

Hector Teitelbaum (6 papers)

V

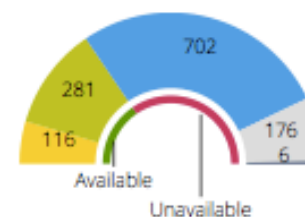
Bruce Velde (78 papers)
Christophe Vigny (40 papers)

Z

Claudia Zanetel (0 papers)
Vladimir Zeitlin (27 papers)

Department

Papers of the members



- Available from the publisher 116
- Available from the author 281
- Could be shared by the authors 702
- Unknown/unclear sharing policy 176
- Publisher forbids sharing 6

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*'Scholarly publishing and peer-reviewing in open access', Marie Farge, 2017
in 'Europe's Future: Open Science, Open Innovation, and Open to the World',
European Commission, DG Research, Science and Innovation, April 2017*

*<http://openscience.ens.fr/>
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*Antonin Delpéuch <antonin@delpéuch.eu>
Marie Farge <marie.farge@ens.fr>
Team Dissemin <team@dissem.in>*